

Guangdong Technion

Israel Institute of Technology 广东以色列理工学院

Strict Controlled Chemicals Management 管制类化学品管理

2023-12-26











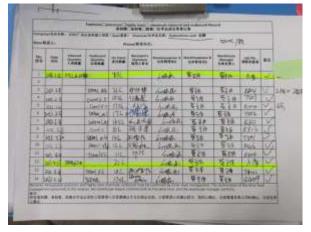






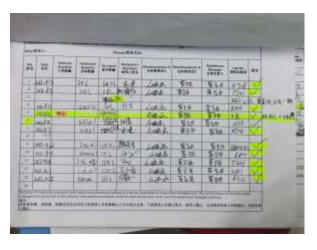






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For internal use only

Relevant laws and regulations for the management of controlled chemicals

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No.	Regulation name
1	Hazardous chemicals catalog (including highly toxic chemicals)危险化学品目录(2018版)
2	List of explosive chemicals易制爆危险化学品名录2017
3	Classification and variety catalogue of precursor chemicals 2017易制毒化学品的分类和品种目录
4	Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals 易制毒化学品管理条例(2018年修订)
5	General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals 化学品分类和危险性公示通则(gb13690-2009)
6	Specifications for storage and preservation of combustible and explosive goods 易燃易爆性商品储存养护技术条件(GB 17914-2013)
7	Specifications for storage and preservation of toxic goods 毒害性商品储存养护技术条件(GB 17916-2013)
8	Specifications for storage and preservation of corrosive goods 腐蚀性商品储存养护技术条件(GB 17915-2013)

Safety management technical rules for dangerous chemicals used in labs实验室危险化学品安全管理规范第2部分:普通高等学校

Safety code for construction and storage of dangerous chemicals warehouse 危险化学品仓库建设及储存安全规范(DB 11755-2010)

Measures for the Implementation of the Permits for the Safe Use of Hazardous Chemicals 危险化学品安全使用许可证实施办法(2017年修订)

Measures for the Safety Supervision and Administration of Hazardous Chemical Construction Projects危险化学品建设项目安全监督管理办法(2015年修订)

Measures for the Administration of Safety Licensing for Radioisotopes and Radiation Devices 放射性同位素与射线装置安全许可管理办法(2017年修订)

Personal acceptable risk standards and social acceptable risk standards for hazardous chemical production and storage devices (for trial implementation)

Safety data sheet for chemical products-Content and order of sections 化学品安全技术说明书 内容和项目顺序GB T 16483-2008

Catalogue of Industries Applicable to Safe Use of Hazardous Chemicals 危险化学品安全使用许可适用行业目录2013-02-21

Regulations on the Safety and Protection of Radioisotopes and Radiation Devices (2019 Revision PKULAW Version)

危险化学品生产、储存装置个人可接受风险标准和社会可接受风险标准(试行)

放射性同位素与射线装置安全和防护条例(2019年修订)

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Controlled chemicals management process



Safe design

Full life cycle management

Continuous improvement



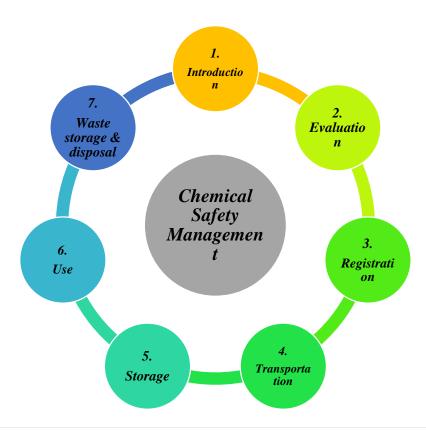
Strict Controlled Chemical Safety Management

Full lifecycle management:

Prevent or minimize potential exposure time and frequency to hazardous materials.



- 1. Evaluate the potential risks at process
- 2. Control the potential risks and ensure appropriate safety controls in place.



Classification & Definition of Strict Controlled Chemicals

1. Precursor Chemicals 易制毒化学品:

Regulations on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals (Amended by Order No. 445 of The State Council, 2018)Classification and variety catalogue of non-medical precursor chemicals

2. Explosive Chemicals 易制爆化学品:

List of Explosive Hazardous Chemicals 2017



3. Highly Toxic Chemicals 剧毒化学品:

List of Hazardous Chemicals (Listed as highly toxic chemicals in the 2015 edition)

Precursor Chemicals

Precursor chemicals - refers to the substances regulated by the state can be used to produce drugs, raw materials and additives.

Identification basis: "Classification and Catalogue of Precursor Chemicals" & Supplementary Catalogue Announced by the State Council.

Management: Regulations on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals (Order No. 445 of the State Council, revised in 2018).

Example in precursor chemicals:

- Toluene, Acetone, Ether, CHCl3
- C₄H₈O, KMnO₄
- H₂SO₄, HCL, C₄H₆O₃, Bromine.



Precursor Chemicals

There are 38 substances in 3 categories of precursor chemicals

Category I

- 1.1-phenyl-2-propanone
- 2.3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone
- 3. Piperonal
- 4. Jaundice
- 5. Astragalus oil
- 6. Isoflavone
- 7. N-acetylanthranilic acid
- 8. Anthranilic acid
- 9. Lycopene
- 10. Ergotamine
- 11. Ergometrine
- 12. Ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, racemic ephedrine and other ephedrine substances
- 13. Hydroxyimine
- 14.1-phenyl-2-bromo-1-propanone
- 15.3-oxo-2-phenylbutyronitrile
- 16. O-chlorophenylcyclopentanone
- 17. N-phenethyl-4-piperidone
- 18. 4-anilino-N-phenethylpiperidine
- 19. N-methyl-1-phenyl-1-chloro-2-propylamine

Category II

- 1. Phenylacetic acid
- 2. Acetic anhydride
- 3. Chloromethane
- 4. Ether
- 5. Piperidine
- 6. Bromine[3]
- 7. 1-phenyl-1-acetone
- 8. α-Phenylacetoacetic acid methyl ester (Added in 2021)
- 9. α -acetoacetanilide (Added in 2021)
- 10. 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl-2propanone glycidic acid (Added in 2021)
- 11. 3,4-Methylenedioxyphenyl-2propanone glycidyl ester (Added in 2021)

Category III

- 1. Toluene
- 2. acetone
- 3. Methyl ethyl ketone
- 4. potassium permanganate
- 5. sulfuric acid
- 6. hydrochloric acid
- 7. Phenylacetonitrile (Added in 2021)
- 8. γ-Butyrolactone (Added in 2021)



Explosive Chemicals

Explosive chemicals - can be used to make explosives that are strictly controlled by the public security department.

Identification basis: *List of Explosive Dangerous Chemicals* (2017 Edition)

- 1. Acids--3
- 2. Nitrates--11
- 3. Chlorates--3
- 4. Perchlorates--4
- 5. Dichromates--4
- 6. Peroxides and superoxides--15
- 7. Flammables reducing agent--16
- 8. Nitro compounds--11
- 9. Others--7





Highly Toxic Chemicals

Highly toxic chemicals:

- 1. synthetic chemicals and their mixtures, and natural toxins.
- 2. that are acutely toxic and likely to pose a public hazard

There are 148 chemicals listed as "highly toxic" in the 2015 edition of the Hazardous Chemicals List



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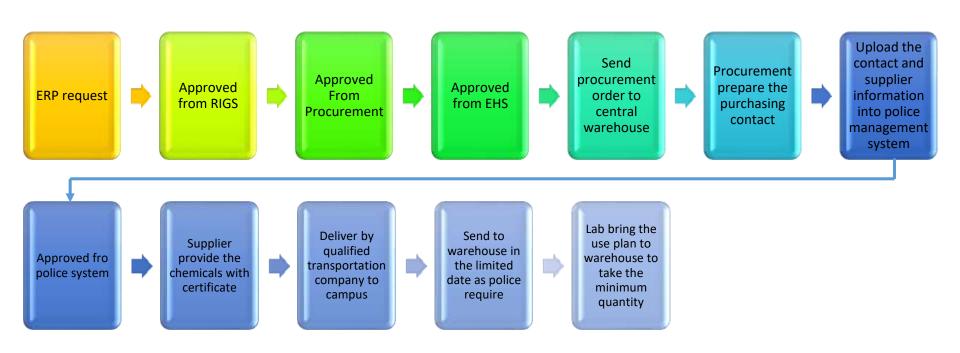
Lab must complete the following steps before applying for purchasing of controlled chemicals (highly toxic chemicals):

- Complete the <u>MoC</u> application to confirm that this highly-toxic substances is the only material for the experiment, and the MoC must be approved by the Program head.
- 2. The storage and use area must be covered with **CCTV**, and the signal is connected to the central control room
- 3. Before purchasing, experimental hazard analysis EHA must be in place, and pass the EHS on-site review
- 4. Confirmed the types of experimental waste with EHS for its waste disposal method

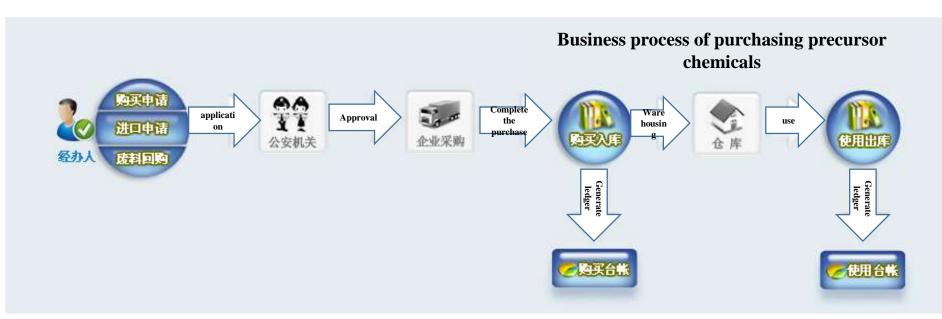
Purchase process:

Controlled chemicals must be purchased

through our central warehouse!



Purchase process:



The purchase of controlled chemicals must be approved by the public security before purchasing!

Applications for the purchase of pharmaceutical precursor chemicals in the 1st category shall be approved by the drug supervision department of the provincial government.

Purchasing the 2nd &3rd category of precursor chemicals shall apply to municipal public security organ before purchasing.

Purchase process:

The stamped purchase record must be sent back to the user

of precursor chemicals.

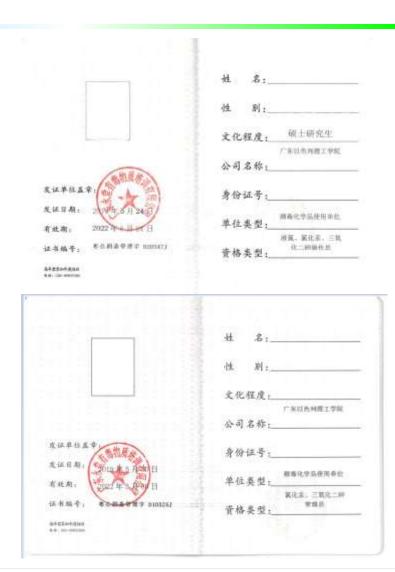




Certificate for User & Manager

Explosive & Highly Toxic Chemicals

User and Manager must pass the training of "User" and "Manager" organized by the national public security department and get the certificate.



Warehouse仓库

&

Storage储存



Requirements to user of Controlled chemicals (GT):



The purchasing unit must have a purchase license issued by the Public Security Bureau

Before applying for a purchase certificate, the following registration must be completed:

- Unit.
- Personnel
- Storage location
- Purchased goods information



Before purchasing, GT must complete the following registration:

- Sale contract declaration
- Approval by public security & obtain the corresponding chemical purchasing license

Qualified suppliers who are authorized to sell controlled chemicals

Controlled chemicals purchasing must be conducted by central chemicals warehouse after applying in purchasing system.

Requirements to user of Controlled chemicals (GT):





When purchasing controlled chemicals, it is required to provide the below information to the public security department which is controlling chemical purchasing system, such as

- Purchase license
- Using purpose (new chemical without register in GT account)
- Purchasing contract
- License of qualified transportation (cross-cities)

Requirements to user of Controlled chemicals (GT):





Every January, the unit of strict chemicals using must to submit the copies (with the official seal of the Institute) of the use, management records and the transaction records of these chemicals to the police department for documentation and renew the purchasing certificate.

Requirements to Central Warehouse:



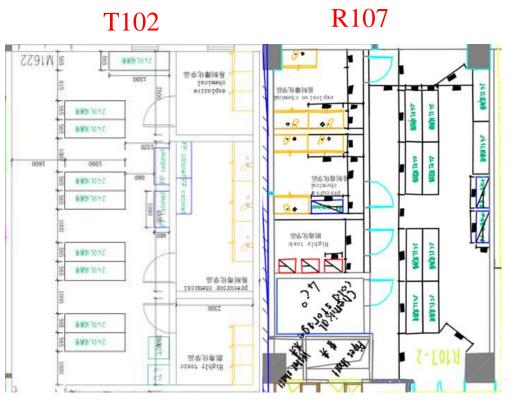
Maximum temporary storage (warehouse)

The purchased quantity of each time must be less than or equal to the maximum storage capacity of a single controlled chemical warehouse, such as:

- P.C. 1Kg/m2 warehouse
- E.C. **150Kg** GT total amount
- H.T.C **50Kg** GT total amount
- A single package cannot exceed **25Kg**.











The hazardous chemicals must have a material **hazard notification card** at storage areas.

Maximum storage capacity of Precursor Chemicals, Explosive Chemicals, Highly Toxic

Chemicals in a single lab is : 50Kg/50Kg/1kg

Total amount of flammable materials in one lab \leq 50Kg !!!









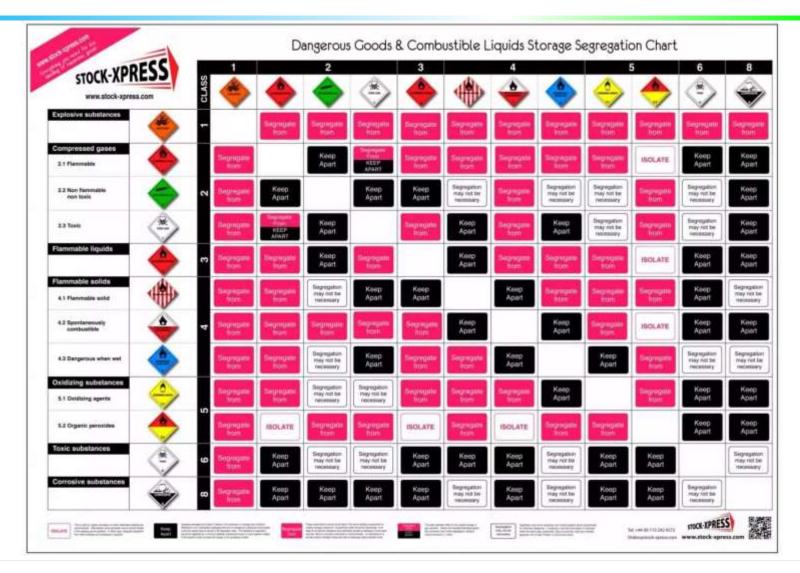
Compatibility



ISOLATE 隔离储存

Keep Apart 隔开储存

Segregation from 分离储存



Storage type for Compatibility



Classified storage for small doses

小剂量的分类储存图例

• 隔离储存:

ISOLATE 隔离储存



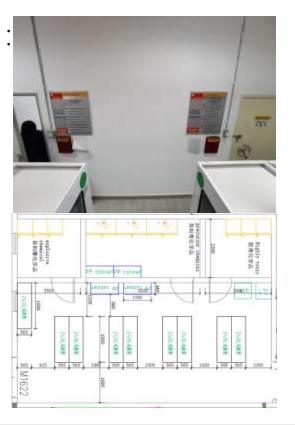
• 隔开储存

Keep Apart 隔开储存



• 分离储存:

Segregation from 分离储存



Storage requirements for controlled chemicals:



According to the Characters of dangerous goods, partition, classification and storage



Total amount of flammable materials in one lab $\leq 50 \text{Kg}$



Flammable and explosive must be separated from highly toxic chemicals. Keep acid/base separate from flammable and explosive chemicals.



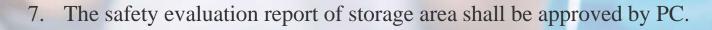
Regularly check the inventory, storage environment and use records.



Set up the personnel allocation, technical management and other public security facilities to prevent the loss, theft and robbery



Where controlled hazardous chemicals are lost, stolen or robbed, it must be report to EHS office without delay, EHS will report to the local PC.





8. Must be stored separately in designated warehouses or cabinets. "5-double" "2 keepers, 2monitors, 2locks, 2person receive & use, 2 record: inventory and using record

5 - Double:



Category II & III Precursor chemicals should,

Category I Precursor, Explosive and highly toxic chemicals must carry out "5-double"

"2 keepers, 2 monitors, 2 locks, 2 person receive & use, 2 record: inventory and using record"

Example:

Precursor chemicals Inventory & Using Record 实验室易制毒化学品使用登记表

Lab/实验室名称: GTIIT广东以色列理工学院 Chemical/化学品名称: Toluene

Attn/联系人: Joy Liu

Contact No./联系电话: XXXX XXXX XXXX

No. 序号	Date 时间	Inbound Quantity 入库数量	Outbound Quantity 出库数量	In Stock 库存数量	Recipient's Signature 领用人签名	Signature of the supervisor of receipt 领用监督人签名	Warehouseman A 仓库管理员A	Warehouseman B 仓库管理员B	Remark 备注
1	2024-01-02	500ml	N/A	500ml	Joy Liu	Mandy Hu	Joy Liu	Mandy Hu	
2	2024-01-03	N/A	150ml	350ml	Joy Liu	Mandy Hu	Joy Liu	Mandy Hu	
3	2024-02-04	N/A	50ml	300ml	Mandy Hu	Joy Liu	Joy Liu	Mandy Hu	
4									
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Remarks: All precursor chemicals outbound must be confirmed by three-level management. The confirmation of the third-level management personnel is: the receiver, two warehouse keeper confirms both at the same time, and the warehouse manager confirms;

备注: 所有易制毒化学品必须有三级管理人员签署确认才允许领出仓库。三级管理人员确认即为:领用人确认,仓库管理员两人同时确认,仓库负责人确认;

Requirements to Labs:



Storage requirements:

- The handling equipment and tools for flammable and explosive chemicals shall comply with the explosion-proof requirements.
 Specifications for storage and preservation of combustible and explosive goods
- Explosive chemicals need to be refrigerated should be placed in fire-proof refrigerators,
 e.g.: ≥8% H₂O₂ (hydrogen peroxide)
- Explosive chemicals must be placed in fireproof cabinets,
 - e.g.: zinc powder, aluminum powder
- Reductive and oxidizing explosive chemicals should be stored separately or segregated







Digital temperature dispray

The digital temperature display indicates the refrigerator's interior temperature to the exact degree. This can be easily read from the outside to give users immediate information and without the need to open the appliance.





The Abex 95 certification confirms that Liebherr laboratory fridges and freezers with explosion protection are appropriate for the storage of explosive and highly flammable materials within the meaning of EU Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX).

- Alarm test function



This test function can be used to check whether an internally or externally connected alarm system is functioning correctly. The appliance's refrigeration performance is not affected by this test.

Requirements to Labs:



PC requests:

• Strict Controlled Chemicals (precursor chemicals & explosive chemicals) in lab should not exceed the amount of two days' usage.

Highly toxic chemical

- must be controlled for the day's usage and used up the same day.
- If very small amount is used each time, the remaining chemicals must be managed and returned to the storage cabinet under two persons monitoring.





Requirements for the use site (lab) of controlled chemicals:







For detail requirement about Chemical storage quantity please refer to the files

8	Chemical safety	
8.1	Procurement, acceptance and distribution of hazardous chemicals	
8.1.1	Hazardous chemicals must be purchased from units with qualifications for the production and operation of hazardous chemicals	View the copy of the relevant supplier's administrative license qualification certificate
8.1.2	Compliance of purchase procedures for highly toxic, easy to manufacture drugs, easy to make explosives and explosives	The purchase of such hazardous chemicals must be approved by the school and submitted to the public security department for approval or filing, and then purchased from the unit with business license qualification; the functional department of the school shall keep data and establish files; it is not allowed to obtain controlled chemicals from other units without permission; the approval records and school approval records submitted to the superior competent department and the approval records of the school shall be checked; the purchase of hazardous chemicals shall have standardized acceptance records
8.1.3	Before purchasing narcotic drugs and psychotropic drugs, an application shall be made to the food and drug administration department	Purchase from designated suppliers or designated production enterprises after approval
8.1.4	Ensure the safety of chemical and gas transportation; the transportation vehicles, personnel and delivery methods in the campus meet the relevant specifications	Check data and spot check
8.2	Storage of Chemical Reagent in Laboratory	
8.2.1	Check if dynamic account is established for the use of chemicals in laboratories	Establish a list of hazardous chemicals in the laboratory, and have MSDS or safety weekly card for easy reference; regularly clean up expired drugs without accumulation
8.2.2	Check if reagent drugs are stored in specific space scientifically and orderly	The storage room, storage area and storage cabinet should be ventilated, insulated, dark and safe; the organic solvent storage area should be far away from heat sources and fire sources; the easy to leak and volatile reagents should be well ventilated; there should be no power socket or wiring board in the reagent cabinet; the chemicals should be stored in an orderly manner; necessary secondary leakage protection, adsorption or anti overflow functions should be provided; reagents should not be stacked or compatible Chemicals should not be mixed, solid liquid should not be placed disorderly, reagent bottles containing reagents should not be placed at the opening; chemical reagents should not be stored in the test bench without baffle
8.2.3	Check if total quantity of hazardous chemicals in laboratories conform to the requirements of specification	In principle, it should not exceed 100L or 100kg, in which the total storage amount of flammable and explosive chemicals should not exceed 50L or 50kg, and the single packaging container should not be more than 20L or 20kg; if a single experimental device has a storage tank of more than 10L of class a substances, or a storage tank of more than 20L of class B substances, or a storage tank of more than 50L of class C substances, a leakage alarm and ventilation linkage device should be installed. 50 square meters can be used as the standard, and the storage capacity can be inspected according to the area ratio of the laboratory
8.2.4	Check if chemical labels are obvious, complete and clear	The chemical packaging materials shall be provided with chemical labels that meet the requirements; when the chemicals are transferred or sub packed from the original packaging materials to other packaging materials, the packaging materials after transfer or sub packaging shall be re labeled in time. If the
<u> </u>		chemical label falls off, blurry and corroded, it should be filled in time. If it can not be confirmed, it should be disposed of as waste chemical

Requirements to Labs:



Spill or Steal:

• If occur any <u>leakage</u>, <u>spill or steal</u> case, report to campus ERP team and EHS without delay.

By WeChat ERP Ground or Cell Phone to Lab PI & EHS



Abnormal loss of precursor, explosive and highly toxic chemicals caused by the broken container in the transportation process shall be

- Immediately report to the central warehouse Manager(when delivering from WH), Lab PI and EHS
- An written incident report and properly record.

Requirements to Labs & WH:



Waste Disposal:

• The chemicals generated from labs or W.H. must be collected by special container, labelled and sealed.

Remarks:

- Before start an experiment, it needs to consider the character of disposal waste in advance.
- The waste belongs to controlled chemicals, only the qualified waste disposal company with controlled chemicals handling ability can do.

For detail, please refer to GTIIT_2020 lab waste management









Strong acids and alkalis should be stored separately, in PP cabinet.

Flammable and Explosive Chemicals must be kept in fireproof cabinet.







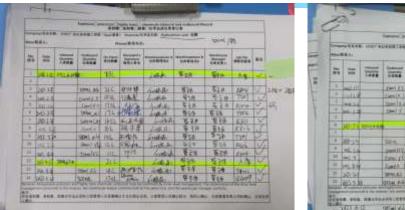
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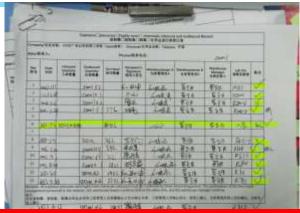


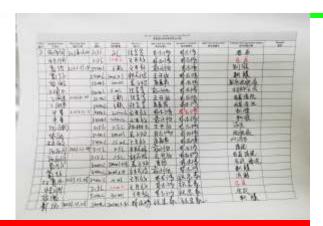


Flammable and Explosive Chemicals:

- Maximum quantity is less than 50Kg.
- Kept in fireproof cabinet.



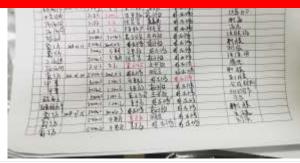




- One chemical one record (including inventory and usage records)
- Never modify, if necessary, it must be signed by two keepers
- Never leave a blank line
- When receiving new C.C., invertory must be verified with central WH

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"Nothing we do is worth getting hurt for!" 没什么是值得以牺牲安全作为代价!

